

Appl. No. 09/982,544  
Amdt. date May 6, 2004  
Reply to Office Action of January 6, 2004

**PATENT**

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1-12. (canceled)

13. (Previously presented) A method for treating diabetes in a mammal, said method comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically-effective amount of an LXR agonist, wherein said treatment decreases hyperglycemia.

14. (canceled)

15. (canceled)

16. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 13 further comprising administering to said mammal ~~an additional active agent selected from the group consisting of an antihyperlipidemic agent; a plasma HDL-raising agent; antihypercholesterolemic agent; a cholesterol-biosynthesis-inhibitor; an acyl coenzyme A: a cholesterol acyltransferase inhibitor; probucol; nicotinic acid and the salts thereof; niacinamide; a cholesterol absorption inhibitor; a bile acid-sequesterant anion-exchange resin; a low-density lipoprotein receptor inducer; ezetimibe; fenofibrate; gemfibrozil; vitamin B6 and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; vitamin B12; an anti-oxidant vitamin; a beta-blocker; an angiotensin II antagonist; an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor; a platelet aggregation inhibitor; a platelet aggregation inhibitor; a fibrinogen receptor antagonist; aspirin; a sulfonylurea; a biguanide; a thiazolidinedione as an additional active agent; an insulin sensitizer; a dehydroepiandrosterone; an antiglucoocorticoid; a TNF $\alpha$  inhibitor; an  $\alpha$ -glucosidase inhibitor; pramlintide; an insulin secretagogue; insulin; phenylpropanolamine, phentermine, diethylpropion, mazindol; fenfluramine; dexfenfluramine; phentiramine; a  $\beta$ 3-adrenoceptor agonist agent; sibutramine; a gastrointestinal lipase inhibitor; a leptin; neuropeptide Y; enterostatin; cholecystokinin; bombesin; amylin; a histamine H3 receptor; a dopamine D2 receptor; melanocyte-stimulating hormone; corticotrophin releasing factor; galanin; and gamma amino butyric acid (GABA).~~

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17-20. (canceled)

21. (Previously presented) A method for treating type II diabetes in a mammal, said method comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically-effective amount of an LXR agonist, wherein said treatment decreases hyperglycemia.

22. (Previously presented) A method for treating type II diabetes in a mammal and reducing the cardiovascular complications of type II diabetes, said method comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically-effective amount of an LXR agonist wherein said treatment decreases insulin resistance.

23. (Currently amended) The method of claim 22 further comprising administering ~~an additional active agent selected from the group consisting of a sulfonylureas; a biguanides; a thiazolidinedione as an additional active agent; an insulin sensitizer; a dehydroepiandrosterone; an antihypercholesterolemia agent; a TNF $\alpha$  inhibitor; an  $\alpha$ -glucosidase inhibitor; pramlintide; an insulin secretagogues; and insulin.~~

24-29. (canceled)

30. (Previously presented) A method for treating diabetes in a mammal, said method comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically-effective amount of an LXR agonist, wherein said treatment decreases insulin resistance.

31-33. (canceled)

34. (Previously presented) A method for treating type II diabetes in a mammal, said method comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically-effective amount of an LXR agonist, wherein said treatment decreases insulin resistance.

35. (canceled)

36. (Previously presented) A method for treating type II diabetes in a mammal and reducing the cardiovascular complications of type II diabetes, said method comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically-effective amount of an LXR agonist, wherein said treatment decreases hyperglycemia.